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IT Certification and Training company Computing Technology Industry AssociationTrade nameCompTIA (January 1, 1982-present)FoundedJanuary 1, 1982-present present) Website Official website The Computing Technology Industry Association, more commonly known as CompTIA, is an American trade association that issues temporary vendor-neutral professional certifications for the information technology (IT) industry. All certifications issued by CompTIA expire 3 years after obtainment, reissuance requires repurchase and retesting.[1] However, certifications issued prior to January 1, 2011 do not expire.[2] Almost all certifications have accreditation from the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) on dates valid from 2008 till 2028 available on the ANSI website.[3][4][5][6] IT Fundamentals + (ITF+): covers foundational IT concepts, basic IT literacy, and terminology and concepts of the IT industry. It is considered the first step toward the A+ certification.[7] ITF+ will soon be replaced by Tech+. [8] Cloud Essentials: a pathway to the Cloud+ credential. The CompTIA A+ Logo The Network + Logo used for certified programs, repair shops, contractors, and technicians A+: represents entry-level competency as a computer technician and covers various technologies and operating systems.[9] Cloud+: both cloud computing and virtualization. Maps to DOD 8570 Standards.[10] CySA+: Cybersecurity Analyst; The certification focuses on cyber-threat detection tools and analysis to identify vulnerabilities and risks. In January 2018, therefore the computer technician and covers various technologies and operating systems. certification was renamed from CSA+ to CySA+ as a result of a trademark dispute.[11] Data+: focuses on data mining, manipulating data, visualizing & reporting data, visualizing & renewable through the CE program,[13] the certification covers Linux operating systems, from their installation and use to the basics of applicable free software and open source licenses. Was formerly a two-part exam LX0-103 and LX0-104 in partnership with Linux Professional Institute.[14] Network+: used to measure skill as a network technician.[15] PenTest+: intermediate-level certification focusing on penetration testing. analysis, threat detection, and penetration testing and ethical hacking tools and methodologies.[16] Currently aligns with the DOD 8570 standard. Security +: security certification.[17] Server+: focuses on server-specific hardware and operating systems, IT environments, disaster recovery and business continuity.[18] Server+ had updates released in 2005, 2009, 2018, and 2021.[19] CompTIA's cybersecurity pathway after Security+, CySA+, and PenTest+. The CASP+ certification was accredited by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) on December 13, 2011.[3] The CASP+ exam will certify that the successful candidate has the technical knowledge and skills required to conceptualize, design, and engineer secure solutions across complex enterprise environments. In March 2013, the U.S. Department of Defense approved the certification as a baseline certification as a base through CASP+ one can renew or extend their certification by satisfying in these cases 20 to 75 CEUs a.k.a. "Continuing Education Units," over the three-year period.)[22] Project+: In 2001, CompTIA acquired the Project+ project management certification program from Gartner. The program, previously called "IT Project+", was updated in 2003.[23] [24] Certified Document Imaging Architect (CDIA+), is a certification for competency in document imaging, document management, and enterprise content management, and enterprise content management. Retired on December 1, 2017.[25] Healthcare IT Technician certification focused on IT in the healthcare industry and was aimed at IT professionals who install and maintain electronic health record systems. Retired on February 28, 2017.[26][27] Certified Technical Trainer (CTT+) certification is a vendor-neutral certification that is applicable to training professionals in all industries. Originally administered in 2001 through The Chauncey Institute, the CTT program was acquired by CompTIA and renamed as CTT+. It was created through a collaboration of the Information Technology Training Association, Inc. (ITTA) and the Computer Education Management Association (CedMA).[28] Retired on October 31, 2023, although anyone who had earned the CTT+ certification will remain certified after the retirement date. [29] In January 2018, CompTIA released stackable certifications:[30] Specialist CompTIA IT Operations Specialist (A+/Network+) CompTIA Systems Support Specialist (A+/Linux+) Professional (Network+/Cloud+) CompTIA Cloud Admin Professional (Network+/Cloud+) Cloud Admin P Secure Infrastructure Specialist (A+/Network+/Security+) Professional (Security+/CySA+) CompTIA Security+/PenTest+) CompTIA Network Security Professional (Security+/PenTest+) CompTIA Network Vulnerability Assessment Professional (Security+/PenTest+) CompTIA Network Security Professional (Security+/PenTest+) CompTIA Network Vulnerability Assessment Professional (Security+/PenTest+/PenTest+/PenTest+/PenTest+/PenTest+/PenTest+/PenTest+/PenTest+/PenTest+/PenTest+/PenTest+/PenTest+/PenTest+/PenTest+/PenTest+/PenTest+/PenTest+/PenTest+/PenTest+/P CompTIA Security Analytics Expert (Security+/CySA+/CASP+) CompTIA Security Infrastructure Expert (Security+/CySA+/PenTest+/CASP+) CompTIA Security Trustmark+ is based on the NIST Cybersecurity Framework and demonstrates compliance with key industry regulations such as PCI-DSS, SSAE-16, HIPAA, and others reliant on the NIST Framework. It is based on a third-party assessment of security policies, procedures and operations. CompTIA offered additional trustmarks, a Managed Print Trustmark, that were retired on Sept. 30, 2021.[31] CompTIA was created in 1982 as the Association of Better Computer Dealers (ABCD).[32] ABCD later changed its name to the Computing Technology Industry Association.[citation needed] In 2010, CompTIA moved its headquarters into a new office space in a facility in Downers Grove, Illinois.[33] By 2014, over one million people worldwide had earned A+ certification.[34] CompTIA established a 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization called Creating IT Futures.[35] The compTIA portal moved to a hybrid version of the open-access model in April 2014 with exclusive content for dues-paying members.[36][37] The move expanded the organization's reach to engage a broader, more diverse set of members, and within a year, CompTIA's membership grew from 2,050 members to more than 50,000 in 2015.[38] Skillsboost, CompTIA's online resource for students, parents and teachers to promote the importance of computer skills.[39][40] CompTIA Vendor Summit is an annual conference exclusively for people attending ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts to address issues within the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts the IT industry.[41] CompTIA held its first annual ChannelCon that attempts the IT industry.[4 built on its acquisition of the Association of Information Technology Professionals. [42][43] The organization releases industry studies to track industry trends and changes. Over 2.2 million people have earned CompTIA administers its exams through Pearson VUE testing centers. CompTIA initially lobbied against the right to repair, claiming: "Hackers are constantly trying to break into a wide range of devices, including sharing sensitive diagnostic tools and proprietary hardware data, could expose customers to risk. Manufacturers also have strong concerns about unauthorized independent service without training or following safety standards."[45] "Additionally, manufacturers make significant investments in the development of products and services, and the protection of intellectual property is a legitimate and important aspect of sustaining the health of all industry, including third party software developers who rely upon the device's DRM to protect their software from hackers. However, the bill compromises the intellectual property that creators invested heavily in to develop."[45] CompTIA permanently stepped back from all lobbying activity related to right to repair legislation as of February 3, 2020. [46] Previously, CompTIA marketed its flagship A+, Network+, and Security+ certifications as being valid for a lifetime. In January 2011, CompTIA marketed its flagship A+, Network+, and Security+ certifications as being valid for a lifetime. every three years. Under this proposal, certified individuals would have to re-certify for the exams or pay a yearly maintenance fee for a CEU (Continuing Education Units) system. CompTIA modified the guidelines so that only certificates received after January 1, 2011, would need to be renewed every three years and would require documented continuing education hours.[47] The un-expirable certificates, issued before 2011, are officially called Good-for-Life certification does not replace the Good-for-Life certification with an expirable certification with an expirable certification does not replace the Good-for-Life certification.[48] Strata Exam Computer repair technician List of computer security certifications ^ "Overview Continuing Education and Renewal | CompTIA IT Certifications". Default. Retrieved 2016-01-30. ^ Tara Seals (February 20, 2017). "CompTIA Unveils Cyberanalyst Certifications". InfoSecurity. Simon Quicke (February 20, 2017). "CompTIA extends security certification coverage". Computer Weekly. ^ Sara Barker (February 21, 2017). "CompTIA zeroes in on behavioural analytics with new global security certification". 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CompTIA backs down; past certs remain valid for life". Ars Technica. Retrieved January 26, 2010. ^ "Good-for-Life Certifications". CompTIA backs down; past certs remain valid for life". Are Technical technic more on the topic of: CompTIA Retrieved from "The IT Fundamentals FC0-U61 Certification Study Guide was designed to help you acquire the knowledge and skills to set up and use a computer at home securely and keep it in good working order, as well as provide informal support for PCs and simple computer networks to your colleagues in a small business. It will also assist you in preparation for the CompTIA A+ certification exam. After reading this text, you will be able to: Set up a computer workstation running Windows and use basic computer maintenance and support principles. Understand some principles of software and database development. Configure computers and networks are computers and networks. 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Master the critical competencies associated with hardware and software, system maintenance, troubleshooting, connectivity, and more—with practical examples drawn from real-world experience, you'll develop the skill set employers demand in today's IT environment. End-of-chapter reviews help you gauge your progress and stay on track for success, while exam highlights give you a sneak preview of what to expect on the big day. You also get access to the Sybex online test bank, featuring electronic flashcards, a searchable glossary, and 4 practice exams to help you study from anywhere, any time—track your progress and test your understanding with interactive study tools.CompTIA A+ certification is the industry-leading standard for IT professionals. Hundreds of companies require their computer technicians to hold this valuable credential. 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Last Updated on April 21, 2025 FREE CompTIA A+ Practice Test & Study Guide covers all the material needed for the CompTIA A+ Core 1 (220-1001) & Core 2 (220-1002) Course questions answers. Our CompTIA A+ Practice Test & Study Guide covers all the material needed for the CompTIA A+ Core 1 (220-1001) and CompTIA A+ Core 2 (220-1002) exams. Modern PC technicians attain the CompTIA A+ certification, the essential credential that demonstrates competence in the contemporary field of information technology (IT), a term encompassing computing technology, as well as the skills required to connect and support computers. CompTIA A+ is an industry-wide, vendor-neutral certification program developed and sponsored by the ComptIA A+ 220-1001 and ComptIA A+ 220-1002. It's common to refer to these two as the "2019" exams, but ComptIA also now refers to them as Core 1 and Core 2. The 220-1002 exam builds on the first exam, concentrating on operating system support, advanced configuration, and troubleshooting. All questions are multiple-choice, simulation, or "click on the right part of the picture" questions. The following is an example of the type of questions you will see on the exams: Question: Your laser printer is printing blank pages. Which item should you check first? A. Printer drivers B. Toner cartridge. Note: CompTIA periodically updates its content, so it's essential to check the CompTIA website before final exam preparation. CompTIA A+ Certification Nearly every profession has criteria you must meet to show your competence and ability to perform at a certain level. Although this work varies widely from one profession to another, all of them will, at some point, make you take an exam or a series of exams. Passing these exams proves that you have the necessary skills to work at a certain level in your profession, whether you're an aspiring plumber, teacher, barber, or lawyer. If you successfully pass these exams, the organization that administers them grants you certification. You receive a piece of paper, a pin, or a membership card that you can show to potential clients or employers. This certification, you will not find suitable work in that profession, and no one will trust you to do the job. You achieve this certification by taking two computer-based exams consisting of multiple-choice and performance-based questions. The tests cover what technicians should know after 12 months of hands-on work with personal computing devices, whether in a job or as a student in a lab. CompTIA A+ certification enjoys wide recognition throughout the computer industry. More than 1 million technicians have become CompTIA A+ certified, making it the most popular IT certification. CompTIA A+ is part of the Core certifications. Many techs flow from A+ to the others in the Core before specializing. The Core certifications: CompTIA Network+ CompTIA is called Core 1; 1002 is called Core 2) CompTIA Network+ CompTIA is called Core 2. Security+ CompTIA refers to the A+ exams as the Core Series (Core 1 and Core 2) to distinguish between the two exams. To earn CompTIA A+ Core 2 (220-1002) certification exams. CompTIA A+ Core 1 (220-1001) and CompTIA A+ Core 2 (220-1001) and CompTIA A+ Core 2 (220-1002) certification exams. CompTIA A+ 220-1001 exam fit into one of five domains. The number of questions for each domain le percentage shown in the following table. IT Domain Percentage 8. Wirtualization and Cloud Computing 11% 5. Hardware and Networking 20% 3. Hardware and Networking 20% 3. Hardware 25% 4. Virtualization and Cloud Computing 11% 5. Hardware and Networking 20% 3. Hardware 25% 4. Virtualization and Cloud Computing 11% 5. Hardware and Networking 20% 3. Hardware 25% 4. Virtualization and Cloud Computing 11% 5. Hardware 25% 4. Virtualization and Troubleshooting 29% CompTIA A+ Certification Core 2 (220-1002) Exam The CompTIA A+ 220-1002 exam covers four domains. This table lists the domains and the percentage of questions dedicated to each domain. IT Domain Coverage Percentage Sl. No. Domain Pe 22% 4. Operational Procedures 22% Total 100% CompTIA A+ Study Guide CompTIA certification exam. Featuring an adaptive question-first design, CertMaster Practice quickly assesses what you already know and still need to learn. For topics where you need additional support, CertMaster Practice offers personalized remediation and feedback. Once you're ready, you can demonstrate your knowledge on a timed practice test complete with performance-based questions. About CompTIA? CompTIA is a nonprofit industry trade association based in Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois. It has over 20,000 members in 102 countries, with offices located in diverse located in d CompTIA sponsors certifications such as CompTIA Network+, and CompTIA Network+, and CompTIA works diligently to monitor the IT industry and continually seeks to provide new certifications to meet the ongoing demand from its membership. Check out the CompTIA website at www.comptia.org for details on the other certifications you can obtain from CompTIA.