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It looks like you're offline. July 13, 2024 Edited by MARC Bot import existing book April 1, 2008 Created by an anonymous user Imported from Scriblio MARC record Jump to ratings and reviewsWhen the Muslims demanded a separate sovereign state embracing the Muslim majority areas in the subcontinent, many neutral observers were taken aback. Even today Pakistani writers find it necessary to explain the raison d'etre of their country. In the book Qureshi is trying to fill gaps, clear confusion, and give historical sanction to the concept of Two-nation theory and the hardships faced by Muslims in their struggle for Pakistan came into existence as the result of the Sub-continent against two imperialisms, British, and Hindu" and that "the Pakistanis did not receive Pakistan on a silver platter. 176 people are currently reading Displaying 1 - 27 of 27 reviews January 30, 2019 I. H. Oureshi being a Pakistani nationalist historians use while writing nationalist history. Subsequently, this book tells us that Jinnah, Muslim League and other Pakistani nationalist leaders were always right. And Gandhi, Nehru, Patel and Congress were always wrong. Nationalist histories always give one perspective. That perspective might not be altogether wrong, but it's definitely incomplete. Things on the ground aren't that simple. History doesn't move in a linear direction. There are always ups and downs. And leaders might take some decisions with apparently contradict with their personalities but when you write this kind of nationalist histories, you have to ignore those contradictory approaches. Of course, you can't write a completely unbiased history but over-simplification doesn't do justice and might create the feelings of hatred towards other nations. When your nationalism stands on the pillar of hatred towards India, same would be the case with your nationalist history. Just like nationalism, nationalist history personal-collectionDecember 9, 2017i think book reading is the best way to enhance you knowledge about different things and this is the only way in which someone can differ oneself from others in different walks of life. December 30, 2024Dr Qureshi is an imaginative writer, and this work sometimes becomes speculative, marred with romanticism, distortions, overstatement and outright nationalism. This is an important book for its nationalistic context but not for historiography due to its tendencies of carving exclusionist and xenophobic impressions. It is also said that this book was allegedly ghost written by Khurshid Kamal Aziz, a renowned and prolific historian, who was a junior historian to Dr Qureshi for number of years. KK Aziz never minced words and openly revealed that secret in his book Murder of History. This obviously tarnished Qureshi's image as the father of Pakistani historiography. Regarding contents, this book is the narration of Muslim League's struggle against INC and Britishers for a separate homeland for Indian Muslims, with Quaid-i-Azam M Ali Jinnah as the central figure. That book enunciates Dec 22, 1939, as an important day for it put a seal on the Indian disunity. That was the day when Congress ministries tendered their resignation, and AIML commemorated it as the day of Deliverance. All in all, its an official nationalistic chronicle rather than an independently conceived project of history and should be read in such taste. February 1, 2025Why it was named "The Struggle for Pakistan," and not "The Struggle for a fictitious and ideological hyperbolic history for Pakistan where facts dont matter to us, what matters is our perception and not realit! Beware!"February 26, 2018The Struggle for Pakistan June 1, 2020I want it but how can I get it? June 19, 2020Enriched my sense of understanding." June 24, 2020June 30, 2021July 11, 2021November 1, 2021November 4, 2022February 11, 2017i am going to know about history of pakistanDecember 6, 2020A simple historical book that explains the events that happened in India from 1857 to 1947. There is no critical evaluation as we find in Dr. Ayesha Jalal's book. However, the book is good for examinations' point of view. June 25, 2015i havent read it but i think there will be smthing intersting to knw ...........November 27, 2016ive just started reading it .May 12, 2019February 29, 2016October 13, 2018February 29, 2016October 20, 2016October books. 100%(4)100% found this document useful (4 votes)7K viewsSaveSave The Struggle for Pakistan-Ishtiaq Husain Qureshi, highlighting the historical context of Pakistan's formation and the role of prominent figures like Maulana ... SaveSave Struggle for Pakistan Written by i h Qureshi. There are several books which deal with the fateful events leading to the establishment of the sovereign States of India and Pakistan. Most of them have been written by authors who were emotionally unprepared for the partition of the Muslims correctly. It is necessary, therefore, to put the record straight. It has not been possible to do full justice to the theme. The Qaidi-Azam Mohammad Ali Jinnah was too busy to keep a char). His private papers are in the custody of his sister, Miss Fatima Jinnah, and are not available to the students of the period. His principal lieutenants and others who were intimately connected with the hectic negotiations leading to the establishment of Pakistan have not left anti memoirs. An attempt was made to interview some persons, but they refused to co-operate for one reason or another. This book is, therefore main based on published. The Struggle for Pakistan By I.H Quershi. There are several books which deal with the fateful events leading to the establishment of the sovereign States of India and Pakistan. Most of them have been written by authors who were emotionally unprepared for the partition of the subcontinent. Hence their writings do not portray the attitudes of the Muslims correctly. It is necessary, therefore, to put the record straight. It has not been possible to do full justice to the theme. The Qaidi-Azam Mohammad Ali Jinnah was too busy to keep a char). His private papers are in the custody of his sister, Miss Fatima Jinnah, and are not available to the students of the period. His principal lieutenants and others who were intimately connected with the hectic negotiations leading to the establishment of Pakistan have not left anti memoirs. An attempt was made to interview some persons, but they refused to co-operate for one reason or another. This book is, therefore main based on published. 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