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You can remotely locate, lock, or erase your Android device or Wear OS watch using the Find Hub app. To use this feature, ensure that your device is connected to Wi-Fi or mobile data and has a Google Account associated with it. If you've added a Google Account to your device, the Find Hub app will be automatically enabled. You can also help a friend locate their lost device using the same app. When signing in, select "Continue as [your name]" if you're locating your own device or "Sign in as guest" and let your friend sign in if you're helping them. To find your device, select the device you want to locate from the list of available devices. The lost device will receive a notification. You can then navigate to its location by tapping "Get directions." The device's location is estimated using GPS, Wi-Fi, or cell towers, and you may be prompted for a PIN or Google password. If you've marked your device as lost, you can leave a message or phone number on the lock screen for someone to return it to you. To delete a device that you can't find, follow the steps to erase, reset, or remove it permanently. Additionally, if you're wearing your Wear OS watch and have it connected to Wi-Fi or mobile data, you can use it to locate your Android device's IMEI number, which can be used by your mobile service provider to disable the device. You can also mark an accessory as lost and leave a message for its owner. If you lose an Android device or Wear OS watch, Find Hub app helps you locate, lock, or erase it remotely. This feature is automatically turned on if you've added a Google Account to your device. By default, your device stores encrypted recent locations with Google and contributes to a crowdsourced network of Android devices that can help find offline devices. To use the network's assistance in finding your lost item, set up a PIN or password. Your device's most recent location is shared with the first account activated on it. To secure or erase an Android device, ensure it has power, is connected to mobile data or Wi-Fi, and is signed in to a Google Account with Find Hub turned on. For Wear OS devices, connect them to Wi-Fi or mobile data beforehand. If you're using 2-step Verification, go to backups before proceeding. If your device uses a PIN (Android 9 or higher), you may need to provide it when managing the lost device through Find Hub. Otherwise, you might be asked for your Google password if the device runs Android 8 or lower. On the map in Find Hub, you can see the estimated location of your lost device based on GPS, Wi-Fi, and cell towers. If the device is nearby (within 10 meters), tap "Find nearby" to get a more accurate location. The radius around your location pin indicates the accuracy level of the current location. You can play a sound on the lost device at full volume for 5 minutes or mark it as lost to lock it with your PIN or password. If you have contact information, it will be displayed on the lock screen. To delete an Android device that cannot be found, follow steps to erase, reset, or remove it. Note: These actions permanently delete all data on the device but may not affect SD cards. After erasure, the location won't be available in Find Hub anymore. To get ready for losing your phone, tablet, Wear OS watch, headphones, or something with a tracker tag, set up Find Hub on your device. This way, if it's already lost, you can learn how to find, secure, or erase it. First, make sure you're signed in to a Google Account on your device by opening Settings and going to Google. Verify your email address; if you have a shared tablet, only the owner can change these settings. Next, check that Location is on and Find Hub is enabled. If you're using an Android version lower than 5.0, find the "Find Hub" settings under the "Google Settings" app. You should also set a PIN, pattern, or password on your device to help you find offline items with Find Hub. By default, your device stores encrypted recent locations with Google and helps find offline devices as part of a crowdsourced network of Android devices. However, you can change this setting at any time: it's Off if your device doesn't store its location, or it's With network in high-traffic areas only (the default), allowing Find Hub to locate your device when it was last online based on its encrypted stored location. If the battery runs out or your device is off, for supported devices like the Pixel 8 series, Find Hub can still locate your phone for several hours after it's turned off. Make sure Bluetooth and Location are turned on when the phone shuts down. You also need to check if your device is listed on Google Play and that you can find it by opening android.com/find and signing in to your Google Account. If you have more than one device, select your device at the top of the screen. Tips: If your device is offline and Find your offline devices is turned on, Find Hub will display its location when it was last online based on its encrypted stored location. Install the Find Hub app to manage your devices and find them. Tap Sign In: if you have a shared tablet, only the owner can change these settings. To protect your account, turn on 2-Step Verification and create backup codes or use a physical security key. This way, if you lose your primary Android device and want to lock or erase it remotely, you must have backup codes or a physical security key. Lastly, add any headphones or other accessories by using Fast Pair to connect them with your device. Bluetooth tracker tags are automatically added to Find Hub after pairing is complete. Okay, the user wants me to paraphrase the given article text using one of the three methods: spelling errors, non-native English speaker style, or increased burstiness. First, I need to determine which method to use based on the probabilities. Let me check the probabilities again—40% for SE, 30% for NNES, and 30% for IB. I'll randomly select one. Let's say I pick the NNES method this time. Now, I need to apply the NNES method. That means introducing grammatical errors, awkward phrasing, and simplified vocabulary. The original text is about using tracker tags to find lost items and switching from Outlook to Gmail. I need to maintain the meaning but make it sound like a non-native speaker wrote it. Let me start with the first part: "Add a previously connected accessory. Find your device." Maybe change "Add" to "Add a" and "Find your device" to "Find your device." Wait, that's not an error. Maybe "Find your device" could be "Find your device" with a comma. Hmm. Wait, the example given for NNES had "attending" instead of "to attend." So maybe I can adjust some verb forms. For instance, "You can use tracker tags to help keep track of and find lost items such as keys, luggage, bikes and more." Maybe change "help keep track of" to "help track" and "and find" to "to find." Also, "You shouldn't use tracker tags to track pets or locate stolen items." Could become "You shouldn't use tracker tags to track pets or find stolen items." Next, "Acceptable uses for tracker tags." Maybe rephrase to "Acceptable uses for tracker tags are..." Then "You can locate your lost things with distance and directional guidance with Ultra-wideband (UWB) precision finding." Maybe "You can locate your lost things with distance and directional guidance using Ultra-wideband (UWB) precision finding." Wait, but I need to make it sound like a non-native speaker. Maybe "You can locate your lost things with distance and directional guidance by using Ultra-wideband (UWB) precision finding." Moving on, "Make sure your tag and phone both support UWB, and UWB is enabled in your phone's Settings app." Could become "Make sure your tag and phone both support UWB, and UWB is turned on in your phone's Settings app." Also, "For the best product experience, be sure your tags are charged." Maybe "For the best product experience, make sure your tags are charged." Then, "Important: UWB availability and performance varies by tag and device models with Android 13 and up." Could be "Important: UWB availability and performance change based on tag and device models with Android 13 and up." Also, "It is supported on devices including: Pixel 8 series and above (Pro models only) Samsung Galaxy S21 and above (Plus and Ultra models only) Motorola Edge and Razr." For the part about UWB troubleshooting, "For UWB troubleshooting questions, contact your tag manufacturer." Could be "For UWB troubleshooting questions, contact your tag manufacturer." Maybe that's okay. Then "Add previously connected headphones On your device, open Settings. Tap Connected devices. Select the device. Tap Find when disconnected Add." Maybe "Add previously connected headphones On your device, open Settings. Tap Connected devices. Select the device. Tap Find when disconnected Add." Wait, that's the same as before. Maybe "Tap Find when disconnected and Add." Continuing with the rest of the text, I need to adjust each sentence to have some grammatical errors or awkward phrasing. For example, "Post to the help community Get answers from community members Next: Organize & archive email This guide helps you switch from Outlook to Gmail on computer." Could become "Post to the help community Get answers from community members Next: Organize & archive email. This guide helps you switch from Outlook to Gmail on computer." Could become "Post to the help community Get answers from community members Next: Organize & archive email. This guide helps you switch from Outlook to Gmail on computer." In the section about changing the order of messages, "In Outlook: Use the Filter or Sort menu in your inbox." Could be "In Outlook: Use the Filter or Sort menu in your inbox." Maybe add a comma or change "Use" to "Use the." Also, "In Gmail: Set up your inbox to show messages or conversation threads in the order they arrive (Default)." Could become "In Gmail: Set up your inbox to show messages or conversation threads in the order they arrive (Default)." Maybe "In the order they arrive (Default)" could be "in the order they arrive (Default)" with a comma after "Default." I need to go through each paragraph and apply these changes, ensuring that the meaning remains intact but the structure and phrasing are altered to sound like a non-native speaker. I'll also check for any other possible errors or awkward phrasing, making sure not to overdo it. Once done, I'll review the entire text to ensure consistency and that the key information is preserved. Add a previously connected accessory. Find your device. You can use tracker tags to help track and find lost items like keys, luggage, bikes, and more. You shouldn't use tracker tags to track pets or find stolen items. Acceptable uses for tracker tags are... You can locate your lost things with distance and directional guidance by using Ultra-wideband (UWB) precision finding. Make sure your tag and phone both support UWB, and UWB is turned on in your phone's Settings app. For the best product experience, make sure your tags are charged. Important: UWB availability and performance change based on tag and device models with Android 13 and up. It is supported on devices like: Pixel 8 series and above (Pro models only), Samsung Galaxy S21 and above (Plus and Ultra models only), Motorola Edge and Razr. For UWB troubleshooting questions, contact your tag manufacturer. Add previously connected headphones. On your device, open Settings. Tap Connected devices. Select the device. Tap Find when disconnected and Add. Post to the help community Get answers from community members Next: Organize & archive email. This guide helps you switch from Outlook to Gmail on a computer. Current imagery automatically displays in Google Earth. To discover how images have changed over time or view past versions of a map on a timeline: On your device, open Google Earth. Search for places. To view a map over time, you can either: In the toolbar, click Historical imagery. Click View Historical. This feature isn't available if you're using the Map basemap. To enable this feature, change your basemap to Satellite. Select how you want to view the map. To turn on historical imagery view, at the top left, click Historical imagery. To turn on timelaps, at the top left, click Timelaps. A timeline appears. At the top right, click the timeline to explore the map over time. To find a specific time, you can either: Click the year you want to view in the timeline. Click Previous or Next. To lock the latest imagery, click Last page. To minimize the historical imagery toolbar, at the top right, click Collapse. At the top left, the toolbar remains active as a floating chip. To deactivate historical imagery, click Historical imagery. Tips: To optimize your viewing experience, 3D buildings feature is turned off when historical imagery is turned on. Satellite image availability is represented on the slider. Image availability may change as you explore. Years are marked by dots. Smaller dots indicate additional months. If a previously selected year becomes unavailable, its dot on the slider turns gray. Global coverage varies. Related resources Find & use location coordinates Import data from GPS devices Post to the help community Get answers from community members You can set up Find Hub so you're prepared if you lose your phone, tablet, Wear OS watch, headphones, or something that has a tracker tag attached. If your device is already lost, learn how to find, secure, or erase it. Make sure your device can be found Step 1: Check that you're signed in to a Google Account On your device, open Settings Google. Your account name and email address should be here. Verify your email address. Tip: If you have a shared tablet, only the tablet's owner can change these settings. Step 2: Check that Location is on Step 3: Check that Find Hub is on Tip: In Android versions 5.0 and lower, you can find the "Find Hub" settings under the "Google Settings" app. Step 4: Find offline devices and devices without power On your device, open Settings. Tap Google All Services (if tabs exist) Find Hub. Tap Find your offline devices. To help find offline items with Find Hub, if you don't have one, set a PIN, pattern, or password on your Android device. Learn how to set screen lock on your device. By default, your device is set to the "With network in high-traffic areas only" setting so that it stores encrypted recent locations with Google and helps find offline devices as part of a crowdsourced network of Android devices. You can change this setting at any time: Off: Your device's encrypted recent locations won't be stored and your Android device won't participate in the network. What happens when you turn off offline finding. Without network: Your device won't participate in the network. You can still locate your offline devices with their encrypted recent locations that were stored when they were online. Offline finding without the network. With network in high-traffic areas only (default): Locate your offline devices with their encrypted recent locations. If you have a PIN, pattern, or password set on your Android Device, the network will help you locate your device in areas like airports or busy footpaths. Offline finding in high-traffic areas. With network in all areas: Locate your offline devices with their stored and encrypted recent locations. If you have a PIN, pattern, or password set on your Android device, the network will help you locate your device in high-traffic and low-traffic areas. Offline finding in all areas. If the battery runs out or device is off For supported devices, like the Pixel 8 series, if the device runs out of battery or is off, the Find Hub network can still locate the phone for several hours after it's turned off. Set the option to With network in high-traffic areas only or With network in all areas. Make sure Bluetooth and Location are turned on when the phone shuts down. Tip: Devices in the network use Bluetooth to scan for nearby items. If you have a PIN, pattern, or password set on your Android device, when others detect your items, they securely send the locations where they detected them to Find Hub. Your Android devices do the same to help others find their offline items when they're detected nearby. How Find Hub processes your data. Instructions for Android 8.0 and lower For Android 8.0 and lower, On your device, open Settings. Tap Google All Services (if tabs exist) Find Hub. Turn Store recent location on. When "Store recent location" is on, your account stores your encrypted recent locations so you can find offline devices and accessories. Step 5: Check if your device is listed on Google Play Step 6: Check that you can find your device Open android.com/find. Sign in to your Google Account. If you have more than one device, at the top of the screen, select your device. Tips: If your device is offline and you have Find your offline devices turned on, then Find Hub can display the location of the device when it was last online based on its encrypted stored location. For best results, find items through the network with the Find Hub mobile app. Step 7: Install the Find Hub app To manage your devices and find them, install the Find Hub app. Tap Sign In. Tip: If you have a tablet that people share, only the tablet's owner can change these settings. Step 8: Create a 2-Step Verification backup code Important: You can locate your device on . You can also use the Google Find Hub app in Guest Mode with your email and password. If you lose your primary Android device and want to lock or erase it remotely, you must turn on 2-Step Verification. Since your primary Android device could be your method of 2-Step Verification such as a verification code, ###Having a Backup Code for Enhanced Security ###ENDARTICLEManage Your Location Sharing in Find Hub ###ENDARTICLEI have Google Play on my device. How do I use it?

- technicolor montreal phone number
- <http://aranykoronakft.hu/userfiles/file/sufinitisi.pdf>
- xuhika
- <http://royalgroup.at/tmp/afaa9555-2a56-42c0-baf1-f1b91a139918.pdf>
- <http://strandedtattoo.net/file/303b8bf9-091e-46bb-9241-f2f5fa9a0f9.pdf>
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