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Browse#aabbccddeeffgghhiijjkkllmmnnooppqqrrssttuuvvwwxxyyzzAboutCareersContact usCookies, terms, & privacyHelpFollow usGet the Word of the Day every day!© 2025 Dictionary.com, LLC Meanings Synonyms Sentences Amounting to or consisting of a large indefinite number. Consisting of some large, indefinite number (of persons or things); numerous. Relatively numerous (preceded by as, too, etc.) A large number (of persons or things) The majority of the people. Democracy must balance the rights of the few against the will of the many. A great many do not understand this. An indefinite large number of. Many people enjoy playing chess; there are many different ways to cook a meal. The same number of: moved three times in as many years. a relatively large number (of persons or things) an extremely large number (of persons or things) the same number of: moved three times in as many days be (one) too many for someone to be more, stronger, etc. than someone can defeat or successfully deal with More idioms definitions (3) The noun is from Middle English manigeo, menigu ("company, multitude"), from Wiktionary ("multitude"), from the same root as the determiner. Cognate with Middle Low German menige, menie, menige, menie, menige, men From Middle English many, mani, moni, from Old English mania, moni, from Old English mania, moni, from Proto-Indo-European *monogE°o- ("many"), from Proto-Indo-European *monogEnglish *mo See also: Many and -mány English edit English Wikipedia has an article on:manyWikipedia Alternative forms edit Etymology edit From Middle English manig, monig, maneġ ("many"), from Proto-West Germanic *managa, from Proto-Germanic *managa ("some, much, many"). The noun is from Middle English manye, *menye, *me from Old English manigeo, menigu ("company, multitude"), from Proto-West Germanic *managī, from Proto-Germanic *managī, *managī, from Proto-Germanic *managī, fr many (comparative more, superlative most) before a countable noun: A large, indefinite number of. Synonym: numerous Antonyms: a couple of, a few, a handful of, several; one; no, zero Hypernyms: multiple, various Hyponym: numerous Antonyms: a couple of, a few, a handful of, several; one; no, zero Hypernyms: multiple, various Hyponym: numerous Antonyms: n chapter 15, in Our Mutual Friend: I did it in a moment of conceit and folly—one of my many such moments—one of my many such hours—years. 2013 July 6, "The rise of smart beta", in The Economist, volume 408, number 8843, page 68:Investors face a quandary. Cash offers a return of virtually zero in many developed countries; government-bond yields may have risen in recent weeks but they are still unattractive. Equities have suffered two big bear markets since 2000 and are wobbling again. It is hardly surprising that pension funds, insurers and endowments are searching for new sources of return. before a countable noun: (in combinations such as 'as many', 'this many', 'this many') Used to indicate, demonstrate or compare the number of people or things. We don't need this many bananas. Put some back. There may be as many friends as my sister does. Usage notes edit Many is used only with the plural of countable nouns is much. Many is used only with the plural of countable nouns is much. and much merge in the comparative and superlative forms, which are more and most for both determiners. It was once common to use the indefinite article with many (very a many years ago), as it still is with few (a few good men). However, this has fallen out of favor except in formations such as "a great/good many." Synonyms edit Antonyms edit Derived terms edit Translations edit Pronoun edit many A large, indefinite number of people or things. Many are called, but few are chosen. 1921, Ben Travers, chapter 4, in A Cuckoo in the Nest, Garden City, N.Y.: Doubleday, Page & Company, published in the vanguard of primitive Christianity. Mrs. Spoker, in common with many of the stricter disciples of righteousness, was as inclement in demeanour as she was cadaverous in aspect. 1909, Archibald Marshall [pseudonym; Arthur Hammond Marshall], chapter III, in The Squire's Daughter, New York, N.Y.: Dodd, Mead and Company, published 1919, →OCLC:The big houses, and there are a good many of them, lie for the most part in what may be called by courtesy the valleys. You catch a glimpse of them sometimes at a little distance from the [railway] line, which seems to have shown some ingenuity in avoiding them, [...]. Antonyms edit many-to-many many-to-many many-to-many many-to-many edit many (plural (rare)) manies) Translations edit Adjective edit many (comparative more, superlative most) Existing in large number; numerous. 2008 January/February, James Fallows, "The \$1.4 Trillion Question", in The Atlantic Monthly[1]:Let's take these fears about a rich, strong China to their logical extreme. The U.S. and Chinese governments are always disagreeing—about trade, foreign policy, the environment. Someday the disagreement could be severe. Taiwan, Tibet, North Korea, Iran—the possibilities are many, though Taiwan always heads the list. Synonyms edit multiple, several; see also Thesaurus:manifold See also edit References edit "many", in OneLook Dictionary Search. Anagrams edit Maricopa edit Pronoun edit many Turkmen edit Etymology edit Borrowed from Arabic مَعْنَى (masnā). Pronunciation edit This entry needs pronunciation edit Further reading edit "many" in Enedilim.com "many" in Webonary.org Yola edit Etymology edit From Middle English mani, from Old English manig, from Proto-West Germanic *manag. Pronunciation edit Adjective edit many many 1867, "A YOLA ZONG", in SONGS, ETC. IN THE DIALECT OF FORTH AND BARGY, number 6, page 86:Many a bra draught by Tommeen was ee-maate; Many a brave stroke by Tommy was made; References edit Jacob Poole (d. 1827) (before 1828) William Barnes, editor, A Glossary, With some Pieces of Verse, of the old Dialect of the English Colony in the Baronies of Forth and Bargy, County of Wexford, Ireland, London: J. Russell Smith, published 1867, page 86 adjective (2) noun (2) pronoun (1) a large or considerable number of persons or things. A good many of the beggars were blind. The many, the greater part of humankind.many persons or things. Many of the beggars were blind. Many were unable to attend.a large number of as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins English Dictionary — Complete & Unabridged" 2012 Digital Edition © William Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1979, 1986 © HarperCollins Publishers 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2009, 2012the majority of mankind, esp the common people Compare fewthe many are kept in ignorance while the few prosper"Collins English Dictionary — Complete & Unabridged" 2012 Digital Edition © William Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1979, 1986 © HarperCollins Publishers 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2009, 2012the majority of mankind, esp the common people Compare fewthe many are kept in ignorance while the few prosper"Collins English Dictionary — Complete & Unabridged" 2012 Digital Edition © William Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1979, 1986 © HarperCollins Publishers 1998, 2000, 2007, 2009, 2012the majority of mankind, esp the common people Compare fewther many are kept in ignorance while the few prosper"Collins English Dictionary — Complete & Unabridged" 2012 Digital Edition © William Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1979, 1986 © HarperCollins Publishers 1998, 2000, 2007, 2009, 2007, 2007, 2009, 2007, 20 Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1979, 1986 © HarperCollins Publishers 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2009, 2012Origin of many1First recorded before 900; Middle English manig, menig; akin to Old Frisian manich, menig, menig Middle Dutch menech, Old High German managMany, innumerable, manifold, numerous imply the presence or succession of a large number of units. Many is a popular and common word for this idea: many times. Numerous, a more formal word, refers to a great number of units. Many is a popular and common word for this idea: many times. Numerous, a more formal word, refers to a great number of units. is beyond count or, more loosely, that is extremely difficult to count: the innumerable stars in the sky. Manifold implies not only that the number is large but also that there is variety or complexity. Examples have not been reviewed. "We demand an end to the lawless campaign of raids and arrests that has led to gross injustices like the imprisonment of our friend Rami, and so many others."This was the fourth time in as many Tests Rahul has passed 50.He lacked the abrasiveness or gruffness found in many metal singers, opting instead for a theatrical melodic yowl with silvery overtones. It did not specify how many people had been affected. Had many great days with Ray he was such a lovely man. Manx shearwatermany aBrowse#aabbccddeeffgghhiijjkkllmmnnooppqqrrssttuuvvwwxxyyzzAboutCareersContact usCookies, terms, & privacyHelpFollow usGet the Word of the Day every day! 2025 Dictionary.com, LLC Also found in: Thesaurus, Medical, Legal, Financial, Acronyms, Idioms, Encyclopedia, Wikipedia.Related to many: many things (měn'ē)adj. more (môr), most (môst) 1 Amounting to or consisting of a large indefinite number: many friends.2. Being one of a large indefinite number: Many another day.n. (used with a pl. verb)1. The majority of the people; the masses: "The many fail, the one succeeds" (Tennyson).2. A large indefinite number: A good many of the workers had the flu.pron. (used with a pl. verb)1. The majority of the people; the masses: "The many fail, the one succeeds" (Tennyson).2. A large indefinite number: Many friends.2. Being one of a large indefinite number: Many friends.2. Bein verb) A large number of persons or things: "For many are called, but few are chosen" (Matthew 22:14). Idiom: as many years. American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language, Fifth Edition. Copyright © 2016 by Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Publishing Company. Published by Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Publishing Company. All rights reserved. ('mɛnɪ) determiner1. a. a large number of: many a plural): many are seated already. 2. (foll by: a, an, or another, and a singular noun) each of a considerable number of: many a plural): many are seated already. 2. (foll by: a, an, or another, and a singular noun) each of a considerable number of: many a plural): many are seated already. 2. (foll by: a, an, or another, and a singular noun) each of a considerable number of: many a plural): many a plu pronoun; functioning as plural): I have as many as you. nthe many the majority of mankind, esp the common people: the many are kept in ignorance while the few prosper. Compare few7[Old English manig; related to Old Frisian manich, Middle Dutch menech, Old High German manag]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English manig; related to Old Frisian manich, Middle Dutch menech, Old High German manag]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English manig; related to Old Frisian manich, Middle Dutch menech, Old High German manag]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictionary - Compare few7]Collins English Dictionary - Compare few7[Old English Dictiona HarperCollins Publishers 1991, 1994, 1998, 2000, 2003, 2006, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2014 ('men i) adj. more, most, n., pron. adj. 1. constituting or forming a large number (usu. fol. by a or an): For many a day it rained. n. 3. a large or considerable number of persons or things: A good many of the beggars were blind. 4. the many, the greater part of humankind. pron. 5. many persons or things: Many were unable to attend. Idioms: many a time, again and again; frequently. [before 900; Old English manig, menig, c. Old High German manag, menig, or units. many is a general word that refers to a large but indefinite number of units or individuals: many years ago; many friends and supporters. numerous, a more formal word, stresses the individual and separate quality of the units: to receive numerous, a more formal word, stresses the individual and separate quality of the units: to receive numerous, a more formal word, stresses the individual and separate quality of the units: to receive numerous, a more formal word, stresses the individual and separate quality of the units: to receive numerous letters. innumerable stars. manifold implies that the number is large, but also varied or complex: manifold responsibilities. Random House Kernerman Webster's College Dictionary, © 2010 K Dictionary of Collective Nouns and Group Terms. Copyright 2008 The Gale Group, Inc. All rights reserved.1. 'many' used in front of a plural nounYou use many immediately in front of the plural form of a noun to talk about a large number of people or things. Many young people worry about their weight. Her music is popular in many countries. In positive statements, 'many' is slightly formal, and a lot of is often used instead. A lot of people agree with this view. In questions and negative statements, many is usually used rather than 'a lot of'. Do many people in your country speak English? There are not many books in the library. 2. 'many of'To refer to a large number of the people or things in a particular group, you use many of in front of a plural pronoun, or in front of a plural noun phrase beginning with the, these, those, or a possessive such as my or their. Many of the plants had been killed by cold weather. Many of the plants had been killed by cold weather. Many of the plants had been killed by cold weather. This was a pronoun to refer to a large group of people or things. This was a pronoun to refer to a large group of people or things. is a fairly formal use. Many have asked themselves whether this was the right thing to do. Be Careful! Don't use 'many of before an uncountable noun, to talk about a large quantity or amount of something. Use much or much of something. I have many more friends here than I did in my home town. We have had many more problems recently than before. Collins COBUILD English Usage © HarperCollins Publishers 1992, 2004, 2011, 2012 Adj. 1. many - a quantifier that can be used with count nouns and is often preceded by `as' or `too' or `so' or `that'; amounting to a large but indefinite number; "many temptations"; "the temptations are many"; "a good many"; "a great many"; "a great many"; "a great many eople"more - (comparative of `many directions"; "take as many apples as you like"; "too many clouds to see"; "never saw so many people"more - (comparative of `many' used with count nouns) quantifier; used with either mass nouns or plural count nouns to indicate an unspecified number or quantity; "some paper"few - a quantifier that can be used with count nouns and is often preceded by `a'; a small but indefinite number; "a few weeks ago"; "a few more wagons than usual"; "an invalid's pleasures are few and far between"; "few roses were still blooming"; "few women have led troops in battle"Based on WordNet 3.0, Farlex clipart collection. © 2003-2012 Princeton University, Farlex Inc.determiner1. numerous, various, varied, countless, abundant, myriad, innumerable, sundry, copious, manifold, umpteen (informal), profuse, multifarious, multifarious, multitudinous, multitudinous, multitudinous, multitudinous, multitude, umpteen (informal), large numbers, a multitude, umpteen (informal) Thesaurus of the English Language - Complete and Unabridged 2nd Edition. 2002 © HarperCollins Publishers 1995, 2002adjective The American Heritage® Roget's Thesaurus. Copyright © 2013, 2014 by Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Publishing Company. All rights reserved. كَثَيْرِكَثِيْرَكُثِيرُكُثِيرُكُثِيرُ كُثِيرُ كُنِيرُ كُثِيرُ كُثِيرُ كُثِيرُ كُثِيرُ كُثِيرُ كُثِيرُ كُثِيرُ كُنِيرُ كُثِيرُ كُثِيرُ كُنِيرُ كُنِيرُ كُنِيرُ كُنِيرُ كُنِيرُ كُنِيرُ كُنِيرُ كُنِيرُ كُنِيرُ كُنِيرٍ كُنِيرُ كُنِيرٍ كُنِيرُ كُنِيرٍ كُنِيرُ كُنِيرٍ كُنِيرُ كُنِيرٍ كُنِيرٍ كُنِيرٍ كُنِيرٍ كُنِيرُ كُنِيرٍ كُن $many flies \rightarrow tantas moscasever so many people \rightarrow la mar de gente, tantísimas personasmany a time I've seen him act <math>\rightarrow$ muchos (de ellos) vinieronhe has as many as I have \rightarrow tiene tantos como yohe has three times as many as I have \rightarrow tiene tres veces más que yothere were as many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many again \rightarrow otros tantoshow many are there? \rightarrow ¿cuántos hay?how many there are! \rightarrow ¿cuántos hay?how many there are! \rightarrow ¿cuántos hay?how many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow asist $many
ightarrow pocosnot\ many\ came
ightarrow vinieron\ pocosC.\ N$ the many ightarrow la mayoríaCollins Spanish Dictionary - Complete and Unabridged 8th Edition 2005, 2005, 2005, 2005 Collins English/French Electronic Resource. © HarperCollins Publishers 2005 adj, pron ightarrow viele; many people \rightarrow viele (Menschen or Leute); she has many \rightarrow sie hat viele (davon); he hasn't got many \rightarrow er hat nicht viele (davon); there were as many to Germany \rightarrow fünfzig gingen nach Frankreich und ebenso viele nach Deutschland; as many again \rightarrow noch einmal so viele; they are just so many cowards → das sind lauter Feiglinge; there's one too many → einer ist zu viel; he's had one too many → er hat einen zu viele or zu zahlreich für uns; he made one mistake too many → er hat einen zu viel gemacht; a good/great many houses → eine (ganze) Reihe or Anzahl Häuser; many a good soldier \rightarrow so mancher gute Soldat; many a time \rightarrow so manches Mal; she waited many a long year (liter) \rightarrow sie wartete gar manches Mal gehört n the many \rightarrow die (große) Masse: many-coloured, (US) many-colored Collins German Dictionary - Complete and Unabridged 7th Edition 2005. © William Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1980 © HarperCollins Publishers 1991, 1997, 1999, 2004, 2005, 2007 ['mɛnɪ] adj & pron \rightarrow molti/e, tanti/etoo many books \rightarrow (così) tanti librimany people \rightarrow molta or tanta gente, molte personethere were as many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow alla riunione c'erano ben 100 personemany a man \rightarrow più d'uno, moltimany a time \rightarrow più voltehe has as many as I have \rightarrow ne ha tanti quanti ne ho iothere's one too many \rightarrow ce n'è uno in piùhe's had one too many \rightarrow ha bevuto un bicchiere di troppoas many again \rightarrow altrettantitwice as many \rightarrow due volte tantoa good or great many houses \rightarrow moltissime case, un gran numero di casehow many? \rightarrow quanti/e?how many people? \rightarrow quanti ce ne sianomany of them came \rightarrow molti di loro sono venutiCollins Italian Dictionary 1st Edition © HarperCollins Publishers 1995 ('meni) - comparative more (mo:) : superlative most (moust) - adjective a great number of. Many languages are spoken in Africa; There weren't very many people; You've made a great/good many mistakes. baie گثير monia beaucoup monia beaucoup ποιλοίmucho, muchos palju گثير monia beaucoup monia beaucoup ποιρίση προσο, velik broj sok banyak margir molti, molte 多くの daugelis, daugybė daudz banyak veelmangedużo, wiele متعدد nhiều; lắm 许多的 pronounmany- having a great number of (something). many-coloured; many-sided. veel متعدد nhiều; lắm 许多的 pronounmany- having a great number of (something). many-coloured; many-sided. veel συνθ.) multi- mitme- چند moni- à beaucoup de, multi- בَב moni- à beaucoup de, multi- בَב moni- à beaucoup de, multi- عير كي بڑى مقدار (từ ghép) nhiều 多...的 (前缀) many a a great number of. I've told him many a time to be more muitas (vezes) mnoho des öfteren mange πολλοίmuchos mitu چندین moni mainta (fjöl)margur, margoft parecchie 数々の ,daug daudz banyak menigmang enwiele シジル 内iều 许多的many n \square muchos-as; tantos, tantas; a great $__$ muchos, muchas; as $__$ as \to tantos-as como, igual número de. English-Spanish Medical Dictionary \bigcirc Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish-Spanish/Spanish/Spanish-Spanish Medical Dictionary \bigcirc Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish-Spanish/Spanish-Spanish-Spanish Medical Dictionary \bigcirc Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish-Spanish-English Medical Dictionary Copyright © 2006 by The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. All rights reserved. Want to this page for free fun content. Link to this page: WordReference Random House Learner's Dictionary of American English © 2025man•y /ˈmɛni/USA pronunciation adj., more/mor/USA pronunciation most /movst/USA pronunciation n., pron. adj. forming a large number: [\sim + a + singular countable noun] For many a day it rained. n. [countable] a large number of persons or things: [a + adjective + \sim + of the + plural noun] A good many of the beggars were blind. the many, [plural* used with a plural verb] the greater part of humankind: The needs of the few. pron. [used with a plural verb] many persons or things: Many were unable to attend. Many of us dislike your new policies. Idioms many a time, again and again; frequently. WordReference Random House Unabridged Dictionary of American English © 2025man v (men'ē), USA pronunciation adj., more, most, n., pron. adj. constituting or forming a large number; numerous:many people. noting each one of a large number (usually fol. by a or an):For many a day it rained. n. a large or considerable number of persons or things:A good many of the beggars were blind. the many, the greater part of humankind. pron. many persons or things:Many of the beggars were blind. Many were unable to attend. bef. 900; Middle English manig, menig, akin to Old Saxon, Old High German manag, menig, akin to Old Saxon, Old High German manag, menig, Danish mange, Gothic manags 1. multifarious, multitudinous, myriad; divers, sundry, various. Many, innumerable, manifold, numerous imply the presence or succession of a large number of units. Many is a popular and common word for this idea:many times. Numerous, a more formal word, refers to a great number of units. Innumerable denotes a number that is beyond count or, more loosely, that is extremely difficult to count: the innumerable stars in the sky. Manifold implies not only that the number of: many coaches, many times (as pronoun; functioning as plural): many are seated alreadyfollowed by a, an, or another, and a singular noun: each of a considerable number of: many a manpreceded by as, too, that, etc: a great number of: many apples as you like, too many clouds to see (as pronoun; functioning as plural): I have as many apples as you n the many apples as you like, too many clouds to see (as pronoun; functioning as plural): I have as many apples as you n the ma See also more, mostEtymology: Old English manig; related to Old Frisian manich, Middle Dutch menech, Old High German manag WordReference Random House Learner's Dictionary of American English © 2025more /mor/USA pronunciation adj., [comparative of] much or many with most as superlative. in greater quantity, amount, or number: I need more money. She had more coins than I did. additional or further:Do you need more time? n. [uncountable] an additional quantity, amount, or number:Would you like more? a greater number of persons or of a specified class:[used with a plural verb]More have been injured than ever. adv., [compar. of much with most as superl.] in or to a greater extent or degree:[often used before adjectives and adverbs, and regularly before those of more tomorrow. Idioms Idioms more and more, to an increasing extent or degree: I love you more and more every day. Idioms more or less, to some extent; somewhat: We came to more or less the same conclusion. what is more, (used to introduce information that supports the truth of what has been said): This airline is terrible: the planes are always late and what is more, they're hot and uncomfortable WordReference Random House Learner's Dictionary of American English © 2025most /moost/USA pronunciation adj., [superlative of] much or many with more as comparative. [before a uncountable noun]: [the + ~]He received the most votes. [before a uncountable noun] in the greatest number, amount, or degree: [before a plural noun] in the greatest number, amount, or degree: [before a plural noun] in the greatest number, amount, or degree: [before a noun] in the greatest number, amount, or degree: [before a plural noun] in the greatest number, amount, or degree: [before a noun] in the greatest number, amount, or degree in the greatest number in the greatest number, amount, or degree in the greatest number in the g majority of instances; more than half:[before a plural noun]Most operations are successful. n. [uncountable] the greatest number or greater part of what is specified:[~ + of]Most of his writing is rubbish. the greatest number:[the + ~]The most I can hope for is a passing grade. the greatest number or greater part of what is specified:[~ + of]Most of his writing is rubbish. the greatest number:[the + ~]The most I have been uncountable] the greatest number or greater part of what is specified:[~ + of]Most of his writing is rubbish. the greatest number:[the + ~]The most I have been uncountable] the greatest number or greater part of what is specified:[~ + of]Most of his writing is rubbish. the greatest number:[the + ~]The most I have been uncountable] the greatest number or greater part of what is specified:[~ + of]Most of his writing is rubbish. the greatest number:[the + ~]The most I have been uncountable] the greatest number or greater part of what is specified:[~ + of]Most of his writing is rubbish. the greatest number or greater number or greater number or greater number or greater number. the majority of persons: to be happier than most. Slang Terms the most, the very best of something: thought her boyfriend was the most adv., [superl. of much with more as compar.] in or to the greatest extent or degree: [often used before adjectives and adverbs, and regularly before those of more than two syllables] most rapid; She behaved most wisely; He worked most carefully. very: This murder is a most puzzling case. [Informal.] almost or nearly: Most everyone around here shops at this place. Idioms for the most part we walked, but occasionally we biked. Idioms make the most of, [~ + object] to use to greatest advantage: Make the most of your opportunities. WordReference Random House Unabridged Dictionary of American English © 2025more (môr, mor), USA pronunciation adj., [compar. of] much [or] many [with] most [as superl.] in greater quantity, amount, measure, degree, or number: I need more money, additional or further: Do you need more time? More discussion seems pointless. n. an additional quantity, amount, or number: I would give you more if I had it. He likes her all the more. When I could take no more of such nonsense, I left. a greater quantity, amount, or degree: More is expected of him. The price is more than I thought. something of greater importance: His report is more than a survey. (used with a pl. v.) a greater number of a class specified, or the greater number of persons: More will attend this year than ever before adjectives and adverbs, and regularly before those of more than two syllables, to form comparative phrases having the same force and effect as the comparative degree formed by the termination -er):more interesting; more slowly. in addition; further; longer; again:Let's talk more another time. We couldn't stand it any more. They became involved more and more in stock speculation, more or less; Idiomsto some extent; somewhat; She seemed more or less familiar with the subject, Idiomsabout; in substance; approximately; We came to more or less the same conclusion, bef. 900; Middle English; Old English māra; cognate with Old High German mēro, Old Norse meiri, Gothic maiza, See most more (môr, mōr), USA pronunciation n. BiographicalHannah, 1745-1833, English writer on religious subjects. BiographicalPaul Elmer, 1864-1937, U.S. essayist, critic, and editor. BiographicallSir Thomas, 1478-1835, English humanist, statesman, and author: canonized in 1935. Mo•ré (mə rā'), USA pronunciation n. Language VarietiesMossi (def. 2). WordReference Random House Unabridged Dictionary of American English © 2025most (most). USA pronunciation adi., [super], of much or many with more as compar,] in the greatest quantity, amount, measure, degree, or number; to win the most votes, in the majority of instances; Most operations are successful, greatest, as in size or extent; the most talent, Idiomsfor the most votes, in the majority of instances; Most operations are successful, greatest, as in size or extent; the most talent, Idiomsfor the most votes, in the majority of instances; Most operations are successful, greatest, as in size or extent; the most talent, Idiomsfor the most votes, in the majority of instances; Most operations are successful, greatest, as in size or extent; the most votes, in the majority of instances; Most operations are successful, greatest, as in size or extent; the most votes, in the majority of instances; Most operations are successful, greatest, as in size or extent; and the most votes in the majority of instances; Most operations are successful, greatest, as in size or extent; and the most votes in the most votes in the most votes in the majority of instances; Most operations are successful, greatest, as in size or extent; and the most votes in the most v part. See part (def. 18). n. the greatest quantity, amount, or degree; the utmost: The most I can hope for is a passing grade. the greatest number or the majority of a class specified: Most of his writing is rubbish. the greatest number or the majority of a class specified: Most of his writing is rubbish. the greatest number or the majority of a class specified: Most of his writing is rubbish. the greatest number or the majority of a class specified: Most of his writing is rubbish. Also, at most. Idiomsmake the most of to use to greatest advantage; utilize fully:to make the most, and adverbs, and regularly. Slang Termsthe most, the ultimate in something. He's the most of an opportunity. Slang Termsthe most, and regularly before those of more than two syllables, to form superlative phrases having the same force and effect as the superlative degree formed by the termination -est):most rapid; most wisely. very:a most puzzling case. Informal Termsalmost or nearly. bef. 900; Middle English mast; replacing Middle English mest(e), Old English mest(e), old English mest(e), or nearly. bef. 900; Middle English most wisely. very:a most puzzling case. Informal Termsalmost or nearly. bef. 900; Middle English most(e), or nearly. bef. 900; Middle English most wisely. very:a most puzzling case. Informal Termsalmost or nearly. bef. 900; Middle English most(e), or nearly. bef. 900; Middle English most(e), or nearly. bef. 900; Middle English most wisely. very:a most puzzling case. Informal Termsalmost or nearly. bef. 900; Middle English most(e), or nearly German meist, Gothic maists. See more 14. The adverb most, a shortened form of almost, is far from being either a recent development or an Americanism. It goes back to the 16th century in England, where it is now principally a dialect form. In American English it occurs before such pronouns as all, anyone, anybody, everyone, and everybody; the adjectives all, any, and every; and adverbs like anywhere and everywhere: Most everyone around here is related to everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere and everywhere around here is related to everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere around here is related to everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere around here is related to everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere around here is related to everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere around here is related to everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere around here is related to everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere around here is related to everyone else. of most occurring in a series of superlative suffix, equivalent. to -ma superlative suffix, equivalent. determiner sometimes preceded by a great or a good: a large number of: many a manpreceded by as, too, that, etc: a great number of: as many apples as you like, too many clouds to see (as pronoun; functioning as plural): I have as many as you n the many = the majority of humankind, esp ordinary peopleCompare few See also more, most Etymology: Old English manig; related to Old Frisian manich, Middle Dutch menech, Old High German manag Manyadjectivecomp, more, superl. most Etymology: mænig; related to Old Frisian manich, Middle Dutch menech, Old High German manag Manyadjectivecomp, more, superl. most Etymology: mænig; related to Old Frisian manich, Middle Dutch menech, Old High German manag Manyadjectivecomp. numerous; more than few. Our enemy, and the destroyers of our country, slew many of us. Judg. xvi. 24. When many atoms descend in the air, the same cause which makes them be light in proportion to their multitude. Kenelm Digby, on the Soul. The apostles never give the least directions to Christians to appeal to the bishop of Rome for a determination of the many differences which, in those times, happened among them. John Tillotson, Sermons. 2. Marking number indefinite. Both men and women, as many as were willing-hearted, brought bracelets. Exod. xxxv. 22.3. Powerful; with too, and in low language. They come to vie power and expense with those that are too high, and too many, for them. Roger L'Estrange, Fables. Manynoun Etymology: This word is remarkable in the Saxon for its frequent use, being written with twenty variations: mænigo, menigo, m great number; people. After him the rascal many ran, Heaped together in rude rabblement. Fairy Queen. O thou fond many! with what loud applauseDid'st thou beat heav'n with blessing Bolingbroke. William Shakespeare. I had a purpose nowTo lead our many to the holy land; Lest rest and lying still might make them lookToo near into my state. William Shakespeare, Henry IV. A care-craz'd mother of a many children. William Shakespeare. The vulgar and the many are fit only to be led or driven, but by no means fit to guide themselves. Robert South, Sermons. There parting from the king the chiefs divide, And wheeling East and West, before their many ride. Dryd. He is liable to a great many inconveniences every moment of his life. John Tillotson, Sermons. Seeing a great many in rich gowns, he was amazed to find that persons of quality were up so early. Joseph Addison, Freeholder. 2. Many, when it is used before a singular noun, seems to be a substantive. Thou art a collop of my flesh, And for thy sake have I shed many a tear. William Shakespeare. He is beset with enemies, the meanest of which is not without many a way to the wreaking of a malice. Roger L'Estrange, Fables. Broad were their collars too, and every oneWas set about with many a costly stone. Dryden. Many is used much in composition.

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