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The Nobel Prize is a prestigious international award given annually in six fields: Literature, Physics, Chemistry, Economic Sciences, Peace, and Physiology or Medicine. It honors outstanding contributions that benefit humanity and includes a gold medal, diploma, and monetary award. The prizes are presented on December 10th, celebrating achievements and inspiring further advancements. Here we have provided the complete list of Indian Nobel Prize Winners from 1913 to 2023. The list will be updated once the 2024 winners are announced.The Nobel Prize, considered one of the most prestigious honors in the world, is awarded annually in recognition of outstanding achievements in six different fields: Literature, Physics, Chemistry, Economic Sciences, Peace, and Physiology or Medicine. The anticipation is high for the 2024 Nobel Prize announcements, scheduled for October 7-14. As the world awaits, the laureates of 2024 will join a prestigious lineage of individuals and organizations whose work has made profound impacts across various fields, continuing the Nobel tradition of recognizing and inspiring excellence.Over the years, several distinguished Indians have been acknowledged with this coveted award for their significant contributions to humanity. This article presents a comprehensive list of Nobel Prize winners from India, highlighting their remarkable accomplishments and the fields in which they were recognized. Enroll now for UPSC Online Course Complete List of Indian Nobel Prize Winners from 1913 to 2023Nobel Prize Winners in India: The Nobel Prize is a globally renowned award that has honored many Indians for their exceptional contributions in various fields such as Literature, Physics, Chemistry, Economic Sciences, Peace, and Physiology or Medicine. Those who receive this prestigious honor are known as Laureates and are presented with a gold medal, a diploma, and a monetary reward.This article celebrates the outstanding achievements of a select group of Indians who dedicated their entire lives to the betterment of humanity, and as a mark of gratitude and recognition, were bestowed with the Nobel Prize in their respective domains. Before delving into the comprehensive list of Indian Nobel Prize Winners from 1913 to 2023, lets explore the history of the Nobel Prize and the significance of its insignia. Enroll now for UPSC Online Classes [/radius_table]List of Indian Nobel Prize WinnersNameNobel Prize CategoryYearRabindranath TagoreLiterature1913C.V. RamanPhysics1930Har Gobind KhoranaPhysiology or Medicine1968Mother TeresaPeace1979Subrahmanyan ChandrasekharPhysics1983Amartya SenEconomic Sciences1998Venkatraman RamakrishnanChemistry2009Kailash SatyarthiPeace2014Abhijit BanerjeeEconomic Sciences2019[/radius_table] Enroll now for UPSC Online Classes Nobel Prize Winners from India in DetailThe Nobel Prize, considered one of the most prestigious honors in the world, is awarded annually in recognition of outstanding achievements in six different fields: Literature, Physics, Chemistry, Economic Sciences, Peace, and Physiology or Medicine. Over the years, several distinguished Indians have been acknowledged with this coveted award for their significant contributions to humanity. This article presents a comprehensive list of Nobel Prize winners from India, highlighting their remarkable accomplishments and the fields in which they were recognized.1. Indian Nobel Prize Winners: Rabindranath Tagore Literature, 1913Rabindranath Tagore, the eminent Indian poet, and writer was the first Indian to be awarded the Nobel Prize. His timeless literary works, which include the collection of poems Gitanjali, garnered international acclaim and earned him the prestigious accolade in Literature in 1913. Enroll now for UPSC Online CoachingIndian Nobel Prize Winners: Rabindranath Tagore2. Indian Nobel Prize Winners: C.V. Raman Physics, 1930Sir Chandrasekhara Venkata Raman, commonly known as C.V. Raman, was a renowned physicist whose groundbreaking discovery of the Raman Effect in light scattering earned him the Nobel Prize in Physics in 1930.Indian Nobel Prize Winners: C.V. Raman Enroll now for UPSC Online Course 3. Indian Nobel Prize Winners: Har Gobind Khorana Physiology or Medicine, 1968Dr. Har Gobind Khorana, an Indian-American biochemist, shared the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine in 1968 for his pioneering research on the interpretation of the genetic code and protein synthesis.Indian Nobel Prize Winners: Har Gobind Khorana Enroll now for UPSC Online Classes 4. Indian Nobel Prize Winners: Mother Teresa Peace, 1979A symbol of compassion and selfless service, Mother Teresa, an Albanian-Indian Roman Catholic nun, was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 1979 for her humanitarian work, caring for the destitute and downtrodden in India.Indian Nobel Prize Winners: Mother Teresa Enroll now for UPSC Online Coaching5. Indian Nobel Prize Winners: Subrahmanyan Chandrasekhar Physics, 1983Dr. Subrahmanyan Chandrasekhar, an Indian-American astrophysicist, was honored with the Nobel Prize in Physics in 1983 for his groundbreaking theoretical discoveries concerning the structure and evolution of stars.Indian Nobel Prize Winners: Subrahmanyan Chandrasekhar Enroll now for UPSC Online Course 6. Indian Nobel Prize Winners: Amartya Sen Economic Sciences, 1998Renowned economist and philosopher, Amartya Sen, was awarded the Sveriges Riksbank Prize in Economic Sciences in Memory of Alfred Nobel (commonly known as the Nobel Prize in Economics) in 1998 for his contributions to welfare economics and social choice theory.Indian Nobel Prize Winners: Amartya Sen Enroll now for UPSC Online Classes 7. Indian Nobel Prize Winners: Venkatraman Ramakrishnan Chemistry, 2009Dr. Venkatraman Ramakrishnan, an Indian-born American-British structural biologist, was honored with the Nobel Prize in Chemistry in 2009 for his work on the structure and function of the ribosome, a key component of cells.Indian Nobel Prize Winners: Venkatraman Ramakrishnan Enroll now for UPSC Online Coaching8.Indian Nobel Prize Winners:Kailash Satyarthi Peace, 2014Kailash Satyarthi, an Indian childrens rights activist, shared the Nobel Peace Prize in 2014 for his tireless efforts to combat child labor and promote the right to education for all children.Indian Nobel Prize Winners:Kailash Satyarthi Enroll now for UPSC Online Course 9. Indian Nobel Prize Winners: Abhijit Banerjee Economic Sciences, 2019Abhijit Banerjee, an Indian-American economist, was awarded the Sveriges Riksbank Prize in Economic Sciences in Memory of Alfred Nobel (Nobel Prize in Economics) in 2019 for his experimental approach to alleviating global poverty.Indian Nobel Prize Winners: Abhijit Banerjee Enroll now for UPSC Online Classes 10. Indian Nobel Prize Winners: Esther Duflo Economic Sciences, 2019Esther Duflo, a French-American economist, shared the Nobel Prize in Economics in 2019 with Abhijit Banerjee and Michael Kremer for their experimental work in alleviating poverty.Indian Nobel Prize Winners: Esther DufloThese distinguished individuals have made significant contributions to their respective fields, and their work continues to inspire and impact generations around the world. Their achievements serve as a testament to the power of knowledge, innovation, and compassion in shaping a better future for humanity. Enroll now for UPSC Online Classes Indian Nobel Prize Winners: Nobel Prize HistoryThe Nobel Prize, one of the most prestigious awards in the world, was established by the will of Swedish inventor, scientist, and philanthropist Alfred Nobel. Born on October 21, 1833, Nobel was a prolific inventor, holding over 350 patents for various inventions, including dynamite. He was a man of contradictions, as he made significant contributions to science and technology, yet his inventions were often used for destructive purposes in warfare.Upon his death on December 10, 1896, Alfred Nobel left the majority of his fortune to fund the Nobel Prizes. The Nobel Prize was established in his will, and he designated that the prizes be awarded annually in six categories: Physics, Chemistry, Medicine, Literature, Peace, and later added, Economic Sciences. Enroll now for UPSC Online CoachingThe Nobel Prizes are awarded to individuals or organizations that have made significant contributions to humanity in these respective fields. Nobels desire to leave a lasting legacy that would benefit humanity is reflected in his choice of award categories, which cover a wide range of achievements that promote progress, knowledge, and peace in the world.The first Nobel Prizes were awarded in 1901, and since then, they have become the pinnacle of recognition for outstanding achievements in various fields. The Nobel Prizes are awarded on December 10 each year, the anniversary of Alfred Nobels death, in ceremonies held in Stockholm, Sweden, and Oslo, Norway (for the Nobel Peace Prize). Enroll now for UPSC Online Course Over the years, the Nobel Prize has recognized countless individuals and organizations for their groundbreaking contributions and tireless efforts to improve the world we live in. The Nobel Prize continues to serve as a symbol of excellence and inspiration, motivating individuals from all walks of life to strive for greatness and contribute positively to society.Indian Nobel Prize Winners: Nobel Prize InsigniaThe Nobel Prize Insignia is a symbol of the prestigious award and is an integral part of the Nobel Prize ceremony. The design of the Nobel Prize Insignia was created by Swedish artist Erik Lindberg and was first used in 1901 when the first Nobel Prizes were awarded. Enroll now for UPSC Online Classes The Insignia features a central image of Alfred Nobel, the founder of the Nobel Prize, in profile. Surrounding his image are the words Alfred Nobel and the years of his birth and death, 1833-1896.On the reverse side of the Insignia, there is an image of the figure Genius, who is depicted holding a laurel wreath in one hand and a book in the other. The figure of Genius represents the inspiration and creativity that the Nobel Prizes seek to honor and recognize.The Insignia is made of 18-carat recycled gold and is about 66 millimeters in diameter for the medals awarded in Physics, Chemistry, Medicine, Literature, and Economic Sciences. The Peace Prize medal is slightly larger, with a diameter of about 85 millimeters. The medals are produced by Svenska Medalj AB, a Swedish company specializing in minting medals and coins. Enroll now for UPSC Online CoachingIn addition to the gold medal, Nobel Laureates also receive a diploma and a cash prize, which varies in amount each year. The Nobel Prize Insignia, along with the diploma and the prize money, is presented to the Laureates at the Nobel Prize award ceremonies held in Stockholm and Oslo.The Nobel Prize Insignia is a symbol of excellence and recognition for outstanding achievements in various fields. It is a tangible representation of the legacy of Alfred Nobel and his vision to honor those who have made significant contributions to humanity. The Insignia serves as a reminder of the importance of knowledge, peace, and progress in shaping a better world for future generations. Enroll now for UPSC Online Course Indian Nobel Prize Winners: What is the Value of the Nobel Prize?The Nobel Prize holds immense value, both in terms of prestige and recognition. It is one of the most prestigious awards in the world and is highly esteemed in the fields of science, literature, peace, and economics. The value of the Nobel Prize goes beyond monetary worth, as it represents the highest honor that can be bestowed upon an individual or organization for exceptional contributions and achievements.Monetary Value: As of my knowledge cutoff in September 2021, the cash prize awarded along with the Nobel Prize varies each year and depends on the funds available from the Nobel Foundations investments. In recent years, the Nobel Prize cash award has been around 10 million Swedish kronor (SEK) per category, which is approximately equivalent to 1.1 million USD. However, the amount may fluctuate due to market conditions and other factors.Prestige and Recognition: The real value of the Nobel Prize lies in the prestige and recognition it brings to the recipients. Nobel Laureates are regarded as pioneers and visionaries in their respective fields, and their work is acknowledged as groundbreaking and transformative. Winning a Nobel Prize can significantly impact a laureates career, providing international recognition and opening doors to further research opportunities, collaborations, and contributions to society. Enroll now for UPSC Online Classes Impact on Research and Humanity: The Nobel Prize often serves as a catalyst for further research and advancements in the fields for which it is awarded. Laureates are seen as role models, inspiring new generations of scientists, writers, and peace activists to pursue excellence and make significant contributions to humanity. Their work serves as a guiding light for future endeavors aimed at improving the well-being of people worldwide.Legacy and Inspiration: The legacy of the Nobel Prize is far-reaching, as it commemorates the vision and generosity of Alfred Nobel, the inventor of dynamite who left his fortune to fund the awards. Nobels desire to reward those who contribute to the betterment of humanity continues to inspire individuals and organizations to work towards creating positive change and making the world a better place.List of Indian Nobel Prize Winners: FAQsQ1: How many Nobel Prizes have been won by India?Ans: A total of 9 Nobel Prizes have been won by individuals of Indian origin or Indian citizenship. The Nobel Prizes have been awarded to Indians in various categories, including Literature, Physics, Chemistry, Peace, Medicine, and Economic Sciences. Below is the list of Indian Nobel Prize winners: Enroll now for UPSC Online CoachingRabindranath Tagore Literature, 1913C.V. Raman Physics, 1930Har Gobind Khorana Physiology or Medicine, 1968Mother Teresa Peace, 1979Subrahmanyan Chandrasekhar Physics, 1983Amartya Sen Economic Sciences, 1998Venkatraman Ramakrishnan Chemistry, 2009Kailash Satyarthi Peace, 2014Abhijit Banerjee Economic Sciences, 2019Q2: Who is the 1 Indian who got Nobel Prize?Ans: The first Indian to be awarded the Nobel Prize was Rabindranath Tagore. He received the Nobel Prize in Literature in 1913 for his book of poems titled Gitanjali, which garnered international acclaim and recognition for his profound and beautiful verse. Rabindranath Tagore is widely regarded as one of Indias most celebrated poets and writers, and his contributions to literature have left a lasting impact on the world of poetry and literature.Q3: Who are the 5 Indians to win Nobel Prize?Ans: Five Indian citizens have been honored with the prestigious Nobel Prize. These distinguished Indian Nobel laureates include Rabindranath Tagore in Literature, CV Raman in Physics, Mother Teresa in Peace, Amartya Sen in Economic Sciences, and Kailash Satyarthi in Peace. Their remarkable contributions have earned them a place among the worlds most esteemed laureates. Enroll now for UPSC Online Course Q4: Who are the 1st 3 Nobel Prize winners in India?Ans: The first three Nobel Prize winners from India are:Rabindranath Tagore He won the Nobel Prize in Literature in 1913 for his collection of poems Gitanjali, which earned international acclaim.CV Raman He received the Nobel Prize in Physics in 1930 for his groundbreaking discovery of the Raman Effect in light scattering.Har Gobind Khorana He was awarded the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine in 1968 for his pioneering research on the interpretation of the genetic code and protein synthesis.Important Articles of Indian Constitution Complete List 2023Gardens in India 2023: Complete List of Prominent Gardens in India Antibiotic resistant Pseudomonas aeruginosa bacteria, 3d illustration. Credit: Christoph Burgstedt/Science Photo Library/Getty Images Hundreds or thousands of nominations are received for the Nobel Prize every year from members of academies, university professors, scientists, previous Nobel Prize laureates, members of parliamentary assemblies and more. Learn more about the nomination process here The Nobel Prize medal. Nobel Prize Outreach. Photo: Clment Morin. This years Nobel Prize announcements will take place 613 October. All announcements will be streamed live here on nobelprize.org.See the full schedule Photo: Patrik Lundin/The Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences This years laureates used tools from physics to construct methods that helped lay the foundation for todays powerful machine learning. The Nobel Prize in Chemistry 2024 is about proteins, lifes ingenious chemical tools. Victor Ambros and Gary Ruvkun discovered microRNA, a new class of tiny RNA molecules that play a crucial role in gene regulation. The Nobel Prize in Literature 2024 is awarded to the South Korean author Han Kang, for her intense poetic prose that confronts historical traumas and exposes the fragility of human life. The grassroots movement of atomic bomb survivors from Hiroshima and Nagasaki, also known as Hibakusha, is receiving the Nobel Peace Prize for its efforts to achieve a world free of nuclear weapons and for demonstrating through witness testimony that nuclear weapons must never be used again. This years laureates have provided new insights into why there are such vast differences in prosperity between nations. In the exhibitionFighting Disease Three Stories From the Fields of Medicine, we meet a scientist, a doctor and a nurse who work to prevent disease, administer vaccines and search for new antibiotics. This years Peace Prize exhibition tells the powerful story of Nihon Hidankyo and their work for a nuclear weapon-free world. A large selection of artefacts from Nobel Prize laureates is on display. Nobel Prize lessons, one-minute crash courses, educational games and more. Explore powerful moments and life-changing discoveries. Join thousands of global subscribers enjoying the free monthly Nobel Prize highlights, trivia and up-to-date information. Learn more about Alfred Nobel. How much do you know about blood types? Try out in this game. Learn about conditioned reflexes in this interactive game. This fast-paced game relies on a keen knowledge of food containing vitamin B1. Author Mario Vargas Llosa died on 13 April 2025 in Lima, Peru. He was awarded the Nobel Prize in Literature 2010 for his cartography of structures of power and his trenchant images of the individuals resistance, revolt, and defeat.Biography Sir J. Fraser Stoddart passed away on 30 December 2024, aged 82. He was awarded the Nobel Prize in Chemistry 2016 for the design and synthesis of molecular machines.Biography Former US President Jimmy Carter passed away on 29 December 2024. He was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize 2002 for his decades of untiring effort to find peaceful solutions to international conflicts, to advance democracy and human rights, and to promote economic and social development.Biography Chemist Martin Karplus passed away on 28 December 2024, aged 94. He was awarded the 2013 Nobel Prize in Chemistry for the development of multiscale models for complex chemical systems.Biography Hedge Funds, Industries, Market Movers, News Hedge Funds, Industries, News, Tech Page 2Paulson & Co. is a New York-based fund management firm specializing in private equity and hedge funds founded in 1994. The firm is renowned for its expertise in event-driven arbitrage strategies, including merger arbitrage, bankruptcy reorganizations, and other corporate events. Paulson & Co. also pursues investments in distressed debt opportunities throughout the United States and Western Europe, leveraging its strategic insights and extensive market experience in these specialized areas of finance. John Alfred Paulson is an American billionaire hedge fund manager, known as the founder and leader of Paulson & Co. Paulson's journey in finance began at New York University, where he returned in 1976 and excelled in his business studies. He graduated as valedictorian of his class with a summa cum laude distinction in finance from NYU's College of Business and Public Administration in 1978. Continuing his academic prowess, Paulson pursued an MBA at Harvard Business School as a George F. Baker Scholar, a prestigious recognition awarded to the top 5 percent of his class, supported by the Sidney J. Weinberg/Goldman Sachs scholarship, which he earned in 1980. Paulson & Co. manages discretionary assets totaling $10,689,303,000, as reported in their Form ADV dated April 2020. With a client base of 20, the firm's latest 13F filing for Q1 2024 revealed $1,447,946,467 in managed 13F securities and a significant top 10 holdings concentration of 95.14%. Madrigal Pharmaceuticals Inc. stands as Paulson & Company's largest holding, with 1,775,000 shares held. Nobel Prize is one of the most recognized awards in the world and many Indian have been acknowledged with this prestigious award which is usually offered in six different fields, that is Literature, Physics, Chemistry, Economic Sciences, Peace and Physiology, or Medicine. The awardee of this honor are called Laureates and are given a gold medal, a diploma, and a monetary award. This article discusses the contribution of those handfuls of Indians who contributed their whole life to the well beginning of humankind. In respect of gratitude and honors, they have been awarded the Nobel Prize in different fields. Before directly jumping to know about the list of Winners of the Nobel Prize in India, Let us know about the History of the Nobel Prize, Nobel Prize Insignia, etc. Below is the full list of Indian Nobel Prize Winners from 1913 to 2023 and for the year 2024, the names will be updated shortly.Nobel Prize Winners in IndiaThe Nobel Prize is honored in memory of Swedish scientist Alfred Nobel and was started in the year 1901. It is usually conferred to those people who have brought the greatest benefit to mankind. The First Indian to win this prestigious award was Rabindranath Tagore, he won this in the year 1913 for his profoundly sensitive, fresh, and beautiful verse, by which, with consummate skill, he made his poetic thought, expressed in his own English words, a part of the literature of the West. Below is the list of Nobel prize winners in India.Indian Nobel Prize Winners List from 1913 to 2023S.No.Nobel Prize RecipientsCategoryYear1.Rabindranath TagoreLiterature19132.CV RamanPhysics19303.Har Gobind KhuranaMedicine19684.Mother TeresaPeace19795.Subrahmanyan ChandrasekharPhysics19836.Amartya SenEconomics19987.Venkatraman RamakrishnanChemistry20098.Kailash SatyarthiPeace20149.Abhijit BanerjeeEconomics2019History of The Nobel PrizeNobel Prize is named after a well-known chemist, engineer, and inventor Alfred Nobel. He was born in Stockholm, Sweden. According to the Alfred Nobel Will 1895, noble prizes are conferred in five separate areas Physics, Chemistry, Physiology or Medicine, Literature, and Peace, to those who have best severed humankind during the preceding years. He died in the year 1896, in his will he passed on his asset to be used for the establishment of prizes which are named Nobel Prizes. The Nobel prize was first awarded in the year 1901. In 1968, a central bank of Sweden, that is, Sveriges Riksbank funded the establishment of the Nobel Prize for Economic Sciences. From then onwards, Nobel Prizes are awarded in six different fields.Nobel Prize InsigniaThe awardee of The Noble Prize awarded is conferred with three things- a medal, a diploma, and award money. These medals and diplomas are designed and created by Swedish and Norwegian artists. Nobel Prize Winners from IndiaBelow we are sharing the Indian Nobel Prize Winner list from 1903 to 2023 in detail.Indian Nobel Prize Winnerin 2019- Abhijit BanerjeeAn Indian-American economist Abhijit Banerjee was born on February 21, 1961, in Dhule (India). He is awarded the Nobel Memorial Prize in Economic Sciences with his wife Esther Duflo and Harvard Universitys Michel Kremer. He is currently serving at MIT as an international Professor of Economics. The Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences, which awarded the Nobel Prize, commented These winners of the 2019 Economics Prize have produced research that significantly improves our ability to fight global poverty.YearRecipientCategoryPurpose2019 Abhijit BanerjeeNobel Memorial Prize in Economic Sciences"for their experimental approach to alleviating global poverty".Indian Nobel Prize Winner in 2014- Kailash SatyarthiKailash Satyarthi was born in Madhya Pradesh and was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 2014 for his struggle against the suppression of children and young people and for the right of all children to education. He is an activist who has dedicated his whole life to childrens rights and education spotlight, battling corporates for their use of child labor. He is the person who has brought childrens right to education to the spotlight through his work with UNESCO. He has shared this prestigious award with Young Pakistani Education Activist Malala Yousafzai.YearRecipientCategoryPurpose2014Kailash SatyarthiNobel Peace Prize for the struggle against the suppression of children and young people and for the right of all children to education.Indian Nobel Prize Winner2009- Venkatraman RamakrishnanIndian-born American-British structural biologist Venkatraman Ramakrishnan was awarded the Nobel Prize in Chemistry in 2009 along with Thomas A. Steitz and Ada E. Yonath, he has been awarded for his work in studies of the structure and function of the ribosome. The Nobel Prize for Chemistry is given by The Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences.YearRecipientCategoryPurpose2009Venkatraman RamakrishnanNobel Prize in Chemistrystudies of the structure and function of the ribosomeIndian Nobel Prize Winnerin 1998- Amartya SenIn 1998, Amartya Sen was awarded the Nobel Prize in Economic Sciences for his contributions to welfare economics. He was born in Manikganj (British India) Sen studied economics and taught the subject in many reputed institutions in both the US and the United Kingdom. One of the greatest Indian Nobel Prize winners, his research papers on economics and social justice, theories of famines, and welfare economics earned him much recognition and many awards including the Nobel Memorial Prize in 1998.YearRecipientCategoryPurpose1998Amartya SenNobel Prize in Economic Sciencesfor his contributions to welfare economicsIndian Nobel Prize Winner in 1983- Subrahmanyan ChandrasekharThe Nobel Prize in Physics was awarded to Subrahmanyan Chandrasekhar in 1983 for his theoretical studies of the physical processes of importance to the structure and evolution of the stars. He is the nephew of another Nobel Laureate, Sir CV Raman. S. Chandrasekhar is an Indian-American mathematician. His invention relates to the establishment of the physical process involved in the evolution of stars. The upper limit of a dwarf's mass was determined by him what is called as Chandrashekar Limit.YearRecipientCategoryPurpose1983Subrahmanyan ChandrasekharNobel Prize in Physics"for his theoretical studies of the physical processes of importance to the structure and evolution of the stars.Indian Nobel Prize Winner in 1979- Mother TeresaMother Teresa was the first Indian woman to win the Noble Prize in the category of Peace in 1979. She was born in the Republic of Macedonia. At the age of 19, she moved to India She spent the rest of her life here as a Roman Catholic nun and as a missionary serving the poorest of the poor in slums in the city. Her humanitarian work led to the establishment of Missionaries of Charity. YearRecipientCategoryPurpose1979Mother TeresaNobel Peace Prizefor Humanitarian WorkIndian Nobel Prize Winnerin 1968- Har Gobind KhuranaHar Gobind Khurana was awarded Nobel Physics for Physiology or Medicine in the year 1968 along with Marshall W. Nirenberg and Robert W. Holley for their interpretation of the genetic code and its function in protein synthesis. H.G. Khurana is an Indian-American Biochemist. His research work relates to the synthesis of functional genes outside the living organism.YearRecipientCategoryPurpose1968 Har Gobind KhuranaNobel Physics for Physiology or Medicinefor their interpretation of the genetic code and its function in protein synthesisIndian Nobel Prize Winner in 1930- CV RamanSir Chandrasekhara Venkata Raman or CV Raman is recognized for Nobel Prize for Physics in 1930 for his work on the scattering of light and for the discovery of the effect named after him. His discovery is also referred to as the "Raman Effect the phenomenon of change in wavelength in light rays that are deflected is a path-breaking milestone in the understanding of physics. He is among the greatest Nobel Prize winners in India.YearRecipientCategoryPurpose1930 CV RamanNobel Prize for Physicsfor his work on the scattering of light and for the discovery of the effect named after him.Indian Nobel Prize Winner in 1913- Rabindranath TagoreOne of India's most celebrated poets, musicians, and painters, Rabindranath Tagore was conferred with this dignified ward in 1913 in the field of Literature for his profoundly sensitive, fresh, and beautiful verse. Often called Bard of Bengal and Gurudev, Tagor is one of India's most dignified figures in India. Rabindranath Tagore was the first person of Indian citizen and also the first Asian to be awarded the Nobel Prize.YearRecipientCategoryPurpose1913 Rabindranath TagoreNobel Prize for Literature"for his profoundly sensitive, fresh, and beautiful verse Nobel Laureates from India: A Complete List and Their ContributionsThe Nobel Prize is one of the highest honours a person can receive for their contribution to humanity in various fields like Physics, Chemistry, Literature, Peace, and Medicine.Established by the will of Alfred Nobel, the Swedish inventor, the Nobel Prize recognises groundbreaking achievements that have made a significant impact on society and the world at large.The first Indian to receive the Nobel Prize was Rabindranath Tagore in 1913, who won the Nobel Prize in Literature for his profound literary work, Gitanjali. Since then, India has produced several remarkable Nobel Laureates.In this article, well explore the list of Nobel Prize winners from India, their respective fields, and the lasting impact of their contributions.From scientists and peace activists to writers and doctors, these Indian winners have changed the world with their groundbreaking work. Lets take a closer look at their achievements and the legacy theyve created.See More| Nobel Prize 2024 Winners List: Recipient Name, Achievement from All CategoriesWho are John Hopfield and Geoffrey Hinton, Awarded with the Nobel Prize for Physics 2024?Full List of Indian Nobel Prize WinnersHere's the complete list of the Indian Nobel Prize winners who have made significant contributions in various fields such as literature, peace, and economics. The list includes: Year Name Field Reason 1913 Rabindranath Tagore Literature Gitanjali (A collection of Poems written in Sadhu/Pure/Classical Bengali) 1930 Sir Chandrasekhara Venkata Raman Physics Discovery of Raman Effect/Scattering in 1928 1979 Mother Teresa Peace Humanitarianism (Missionaries of Charity, serving the Poorest of the Poor in India) 1998 Amartya Sen Economics Contribution to Welfare Economics 2014 Kailash Satyarthi Peace Humanitarianism (Struggle for childrens rights and education) 1968 Har Gobind Khorana Physiology or Medicine Interpretation of the genetic code and its function in protein synthesis 1983 Subrahmanyan Chandrasekhar Physics Theoretical studies of the physical processes important to the structure and evolution of stars 2009 Venkatraman Ramakrishnan Chemistry Studies of the structure and function of the ribosome 2019 Abhijit Banerjee Economics Experimental approach to alleviating Global Poverty 1902 Ronald Ross Physiology or Medicine Work on malaria, laying the foundation for research on this disease and methods of combating it 1907 Rudyard Kipling Literature Originality, observation, and talent in his works 1989 14th Dalai Lama Peace Consistent resistance to violence in the struggle for liberty 2001 V. S. Naipaul Literature Unified narrative and scrutiny in works revealing suppressed histories Source: Embassy of IndiaFor You| List of Nobel Prize Winners in Physiology or Medicine Till 2024As of 2024, the Nobel Prize has been awarded to a total of 1,012 individuals and organisations since its inception in 1901.This includes 976 individuals and 28 organizations. The breakdown of individual laureates shows that 930 are men and 59 are women, reflecting a slight increase in female recipients over the years.Among these recipients, 12 are linked to India, with 5 being Indian citizens and 7 of Indian ancestry or residency.Source:OwlcationRabindranath Tagore was the first Indian citizen to receive the Nobel Prize and also the first Asian laureate, honoured in 1913. Mother Teresa stands out as the only woman on this list of Nobel winners.Notably, Sri Aurobindo, the renowned Indian poet, philosopher, nationalist, and creator of Integral Yoga, was nominated for the Nobel Prize in Literature in 1943 and for the Nobel Peace Prize in 1950 but was unsuccessful in both attempts. Between 1901 and 2024, the Nobel Prizes and the Sveriges Riksbank Prize in Economic Sciences in Memory of Alfred Nobel were awarded 627 times to 1,012 people and organisations. The Nobel Prize is an international award administered by the Nobel Foundation in Stockholm, Sweden, and based on the fortune of Alfred Nobel, Swedish inventor and entrepreneur. In 1968, Sveriges Riksbank established the Sveriges Riksbank Prize in Economic Sciences in Memory of Alfred Nobel, founder of the Nobel Prize. Each prize consists of a medal, a personal diploma, and a cash award. A person or organisation awarded the Nobel Prize is called Nobel Prize laureate. The word laureate refers to being signified by the laurel wreath. In ancient Greece, laurel wreaths were awarded to victors as a sign of honour. See a full list of all Nobel Prize laureates. How can financial brands set themselves apart through visual storytelling? Our experts explainhow.Learn MoreThe Motorsport Images Collections captures events from 1895 to todays most recentcoverage.Discover The CollectionCurated, compelling, and worth your time. Explore our latest gallery of EditorsPicks.Browse Editors' FavoritesHow can financial brands set themselves apart through visual storytelling? Our experts explainhow.Learn MoreThe Motorsport Images Collections captures events from 1895 to todays most recentcoverage.Discover The CollectionCurated, compelling, and worth your time. Explore our latest gallery of EditorsPicks.Browse Editors' FavoritesHow can financial brands set themselves apart through visual storytelling? Our experts explainhow.Learn MoreThe Motorsport Images Collections captures events from 1895 to todays most recentcoverage.Discover The CollectionCurated, compelling, and worth your time. Explore our latest gallery of EditorsPicks.Browse Editors' Favorites On 27 November 1895, Alfred Nobel signed his last will and testament, giving the largest share of his fortune to a series of prizes in physics, chemistry, physiology or medicine, literature and peace the Nobel Prizes. In 1968, Sveriges Riksbank (Swedens central bank) established The Sveriges Riksbank Prize in Economic Sciences in Memory of Alfred Nobel. Learn more about the Nobel Prize laureates* here. Nobel PrizeNumber of prizesNumber of laureatesAwarded to one laureateShared by two laureatesShared by three laureatesPhysics118227473338Chemistry116197632528Medicine115229403639Literature1171211 1340Peace 105111+3171313Economic sciences5696262010Total6271,012360149118 In the statutes of the Nobel Foundation it says: A prize amount may be equally divided between two works, each of which is considered to merit a prize. If a work that is being rewarded has been produced by two or three persons, the prize shall be awarded to them jointly. In no case may a prize amount be divided between more than three persons. Between 1901 and 2024, the Nobel Prizes and the Sveriges Riksbank Prize in Economic Sciences in Memory of Alfred Nobel were awarded 627 times to 1,012 people and organisations. With some receiving the Nobel Prize more than once, this makes a total of 976 individuals and 28 organisations. See Multiple Nobel Prize laureates. List of all Nobel Prize laureatesList of Nobel Prize awarded organisations Lists of all Nobel Prize laureates in| Physics | Chemistry | Physiology or medicine | Literature | Peace | Economic sciences | Since the start, in 1901, there are some years when the Nobel Prizes have not been awarded. The total number of times are 49. Most of them during World War I (1914-1918) and II (1939-1945). In the statutes of the Nobel Foundation it says: If none of the works under consideration is found to be of the importance indicated in the first paragraph, the prize money shall be reserved until the following year. If, even then, the prize cannot be awarded, the amount shall be added to the Foundations restricted funds.. Physics: 1916, 1931, 1934, 1940, 1941, 1942 Chemistry: 1916, 1917, 1919, 1924, 1933, 1940, 1941, 1942 Physiology or medicine:1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1921, 1925, 1940, 1941, 1942 Literature:1914, 1918, 1935, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943 Peace:1914, 1915, 1916, 1918, 1923, 1924, 1928, 1932, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1948, 1955, 1956, 1966, 1967, 1972 Economic sciences: Here you can find out which universities, research institutions or companies Nobel Prize laureates were affiliated with at the time of the Nobel Prize announcement. Nobel Prize laureates listed by affiliation Between 1901 and 2024 the Nobel Prize and prize in economic sciences have been awarded 66 times to women. List of all female Nobel Prize laureates Nobel Media. Photo: Alexander Mahmoud Jean-Paul Sartre, awarded the 1964 Nobel Prize in Literature, declined the prize because he had consistently declined all official honours. Le Duc Tho, awarded the 1973 Nobel Peace Prize jointly with US Secretary of State Henry Kissinger. They were awarded the prize for negotiating the Vietnam peace accord. Le Duc Tho said that he was not in a position to accept the Nobel Peace Prize, citing the situation in Vietnam as his reason. Four Nobel Prize laureates have been forced by authorities to decline the Nobel Prize. Adolf Hitler forbade three German Nobel Prize laureates, Richard Kuhn, Adolf Butenandt and Gerhard Domagk, from accepting the Nobel Prize. All of them could later receive the Nobel Prize diploma and medal, but not the prize amount. Boris Pasternak, the 1958 Nobel Laureate in Literature, initially accepted the Nobel Prize but was later coerced by the authorities of the Soviet Union, his native country, to decline the Nobel Prize. Five Nobel Prize laureates were under arrest at the time of the award of the Nobel Prize, all of them Nobel Peace Prize laureates: German pacifist and journalist Carl von OssietzkyBurmese politician Aung San Suu KyiChinese human rights activist Liu XiaoboBelarus human rights advocate Ales BialiatskiIranian human rights advocate and freedom fighter Narges Mohammadi Carl von Ossietzky Nobel Peace Prize 1935 for his burning love for freedom of thought and expression and his valuable contribution to the cause of peace. Aung San Suu Kyi Nobel Peace Prize 1991 for her non-violent struggle for democracy and human rights. Liu Xiaobo Nobel Peace Prize 2010 for his long and non-violent struggle for fundamental human rights in China. Ales Bialiatski Nobel Peace Prize 2022 The Peace Prize laureates represent civil society in their home countries. They have for many years promoted the right to criticise power and protect the fundamental rights of citizens. They have made an outstanding effort to document war crimes, human right abuses and the abuse of power. Together they demonstrate the significance of civil society for peace and democracy. Narges Mohammadi Nobel Peace Prize 2023 for her fight against the oppression of women in Iran and her fight to promote human rights and freedom for all. As a tribute to the absent Nobel Laureate, Liu Xiaobos Nobel Medal and Diploma were placed on an empty chair during the Nobel Peace Prize Award Ceremony in Oslo, Norway, 10 December 2010. Copyright The Nobel Foundation 2010, Photo: Ken Opprann The work of the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) has been honoured by a Nobel Peace Prize three times. Besides, the founder of the ICRC, Henry Dunant, was awarded the first Nobel Peace Prize in 1901. Linus Pauling is the only person to have been awarded two unshared Nobel Prizes the 1954 Nobel Prize in Chemistry and the 1962 Nobel Peace Prize. Nobel Prize in Physics 1972 for their jointly developed theory of superconductivity, usually called the BCS-theory. Nobel Prize in Physics 1956 for their researches on semiconductors and their discovery of the transistor effect. Nobel Prize in Chemistry 1911 in recognition of her services to the advancement of chemistry by the discovery of the elements radium and polonium, by the isolation of radium and the study of the nature and compounds of this remarkable element. Nobel Prize in Physics 1903 in recognition of the extraordinary services they have rendered by their joint researches on the radiation phenomena discovered by Professor Henri Becquerel. Nobel Peace Prize 1962 for his fight against the nuclear arms race between East and West. Nobel Prize in Chemistry 1954 for his research into the nature of the chemical bond and its application to the elucidation of the structure of complex substances. Nobel Prize in Chemistry 1980 for their contributions concerning the determination of base sequences in nucleic acids. Nobel Prize in Chemistry 1958 for his work on the structure of proteins, especially that of insulin. Nobel Prize in Chemistry 2022 for the development of click chemistry and bioorthogonal chemistry. Nobel Prize in Chemistry 2001 for his work on chirally catalysed oxidation reactions. Nobel Peace Prize 1963 for promoting the principles of the Geneva Convention and cooperation with the UN. Nobel Peace Prize 1944 for the great work it has performed during the war on behalf of humanity. Nobel Peace Prize 1917 for the efforts to take care of wounded soldiers and prisoners of war and their families. Nobel Peace Prize 1981 for promoting the fundamental rights of refugees. Nobel Peace Prize 1954 for its efforts to heal the wounds of war by providing help and protection to refugees all over the world. From 1974, the Statutes of the Nobel Foundation stipulate that a prize cannot be awarded posthumously, unless death has occurred after the announcement of the Nobel Prize. Before 1974, the Nobel Prize has only been awarded posthumously twice: to Dag Hammarskjld (Nobel Peace Prize 1961) and Erik Axel Karlfeldt (Nobel Prize in Literature 1931). Following the 2011